

# SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE WORKSHOP ON SMART CITIES

## Chapter Energy

# About me



**Moritz Loske**

**M. Eng.**

Networked Systems and Applications Department  
Fraunhofer Institute for Integrated Circuits IIS

Nordostpark 93 | 90411 Nürnberg, Germany

Phone +49 911 58061-9316 | Fax +49 911 58061-9399

[moritz.loske@iis.fraunhofer.de](mailto:moritz.loske@iis.fraunhofer.de)

# Chapter Energy

Author: ***Karlheinz Ronge (Fraunhofer IIS)***

Co-author: ***Moritz Loske (Fraunhofer IIS)***

Contributors: ***Holger Kapels (HAW Hamburg)***

***Dirk Kähler (Fraunhofer ISIT)***

***Jens Molter (Fraunhofer ISIT)***

***Peter Spies (Fraunhofer IIS)***

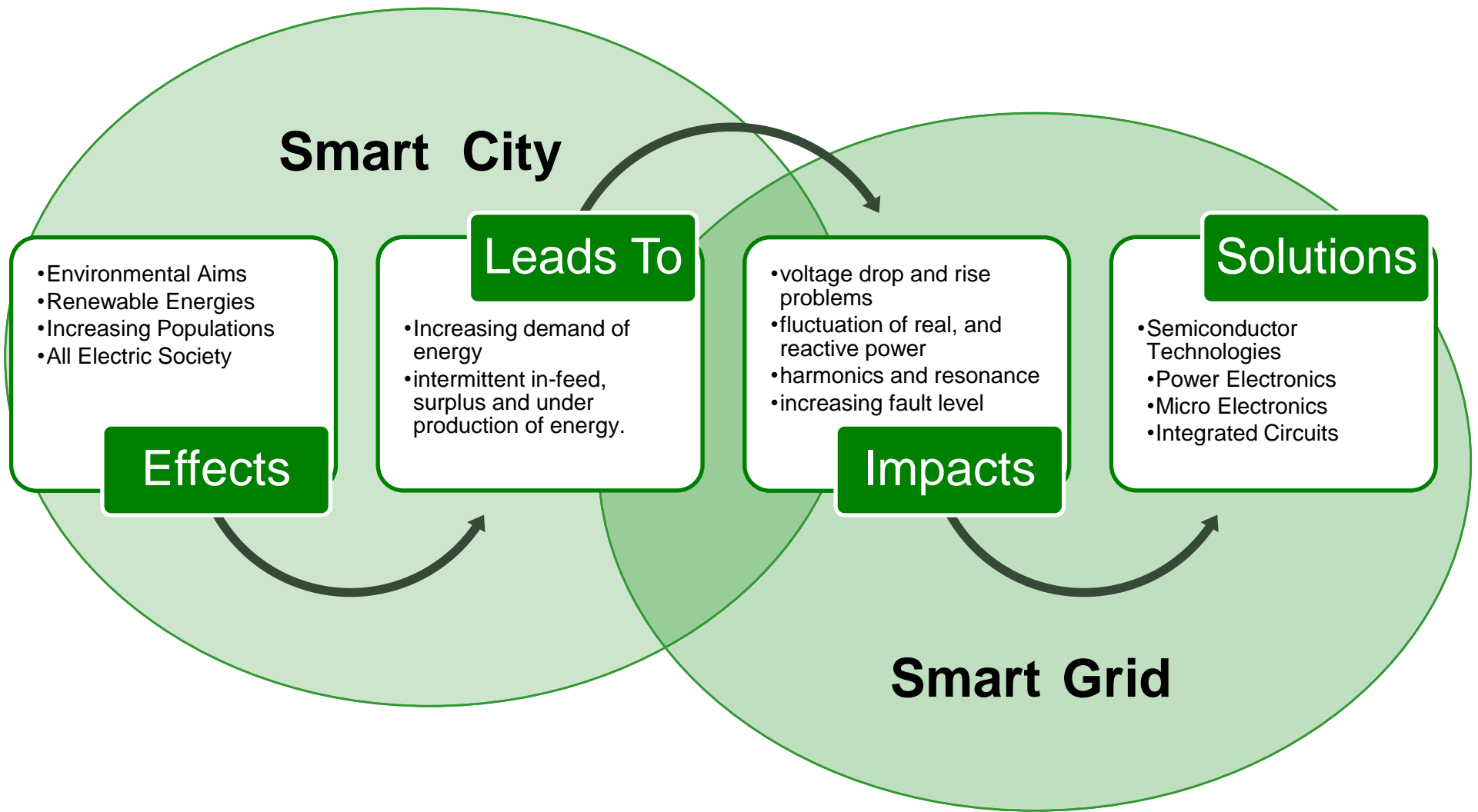
# Agenda

- Introduction
- Future Key Products
- Technological Requirements
- Roadmap
- Research Strategy and Economic Impact

# Agenda

- **Introduction**
- Future Key Products
- Technological Requirements
- Roadmap
- Research Strategy and Economic Impact

# Introduction

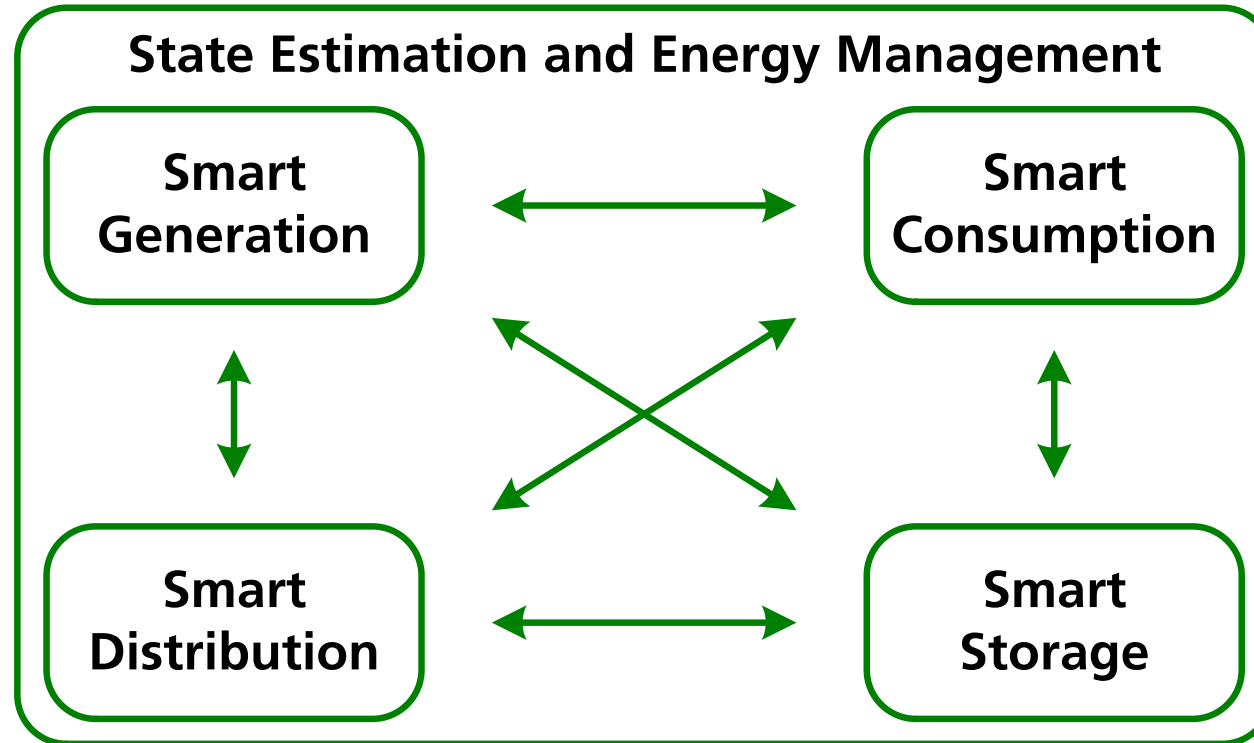


# Agenda

- Introduction
- **Future Key Products**
- Technological Requirements
- Roadmap
- Research Strategy and Economic Impact

# Future Key Products

## Smart Grid

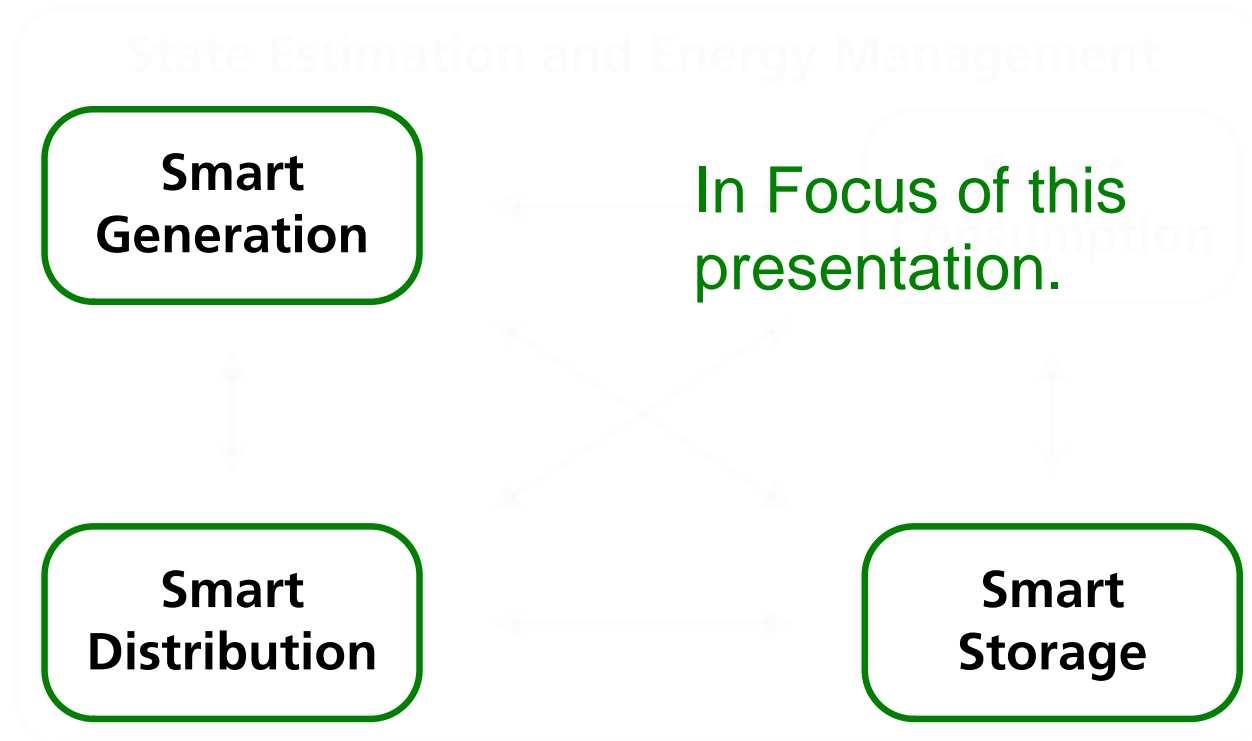


Verband der Elektrotechnik Elektronik Informationstechnik e.V., *Die Deutsche Normungsroadmap: E-Energy / Smart Grid*. Frankfurt am Main: VDE, 2010.



# Future Key Products

## Smart Grid



# Future Key Products

## Power-Electronics

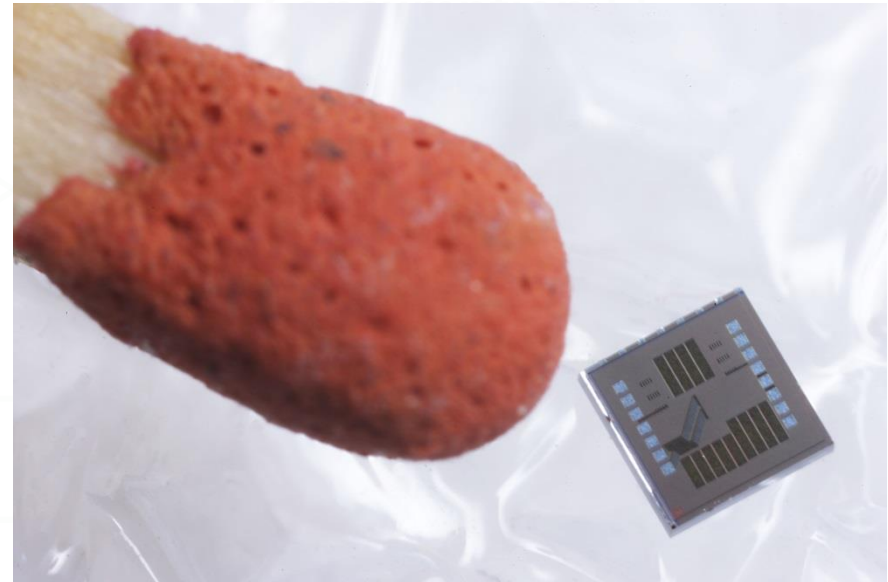
for varying load conditions

- Power Converter/Inverters
- Power Switches

Smart  
Generation

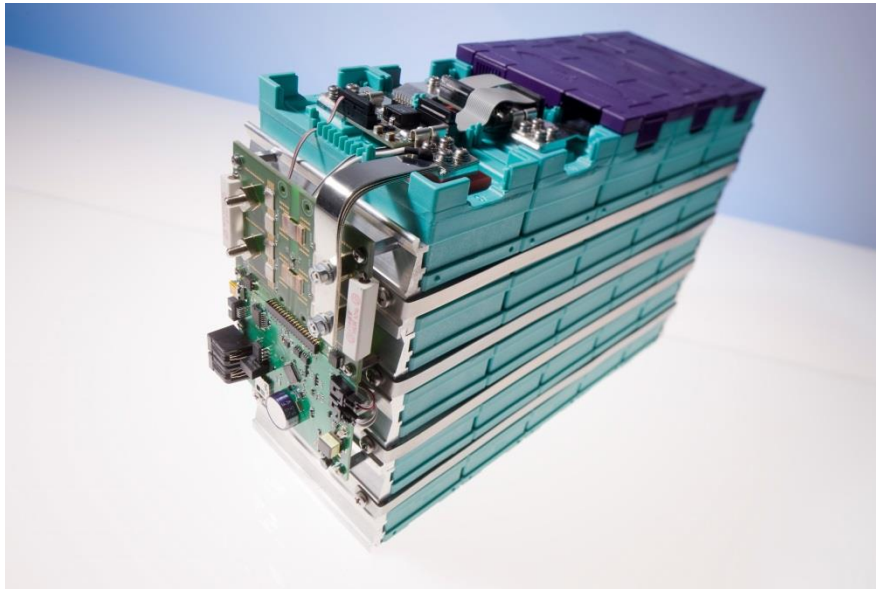
## Micro-Electronics

- Energy Transducer for Energy Harvesting
- PMIC



DC-DC Wandler ASIC für Thermogeneratoren © Fraunhofer IIS/Kurt Fuchs

# Future Key Products



© Fraunhofer IIS/ Kurt Fuchs

## Power-Electronics

for varying load conditions

- Power Converter/Inverters
- Power Switches

## Micro-Electronics

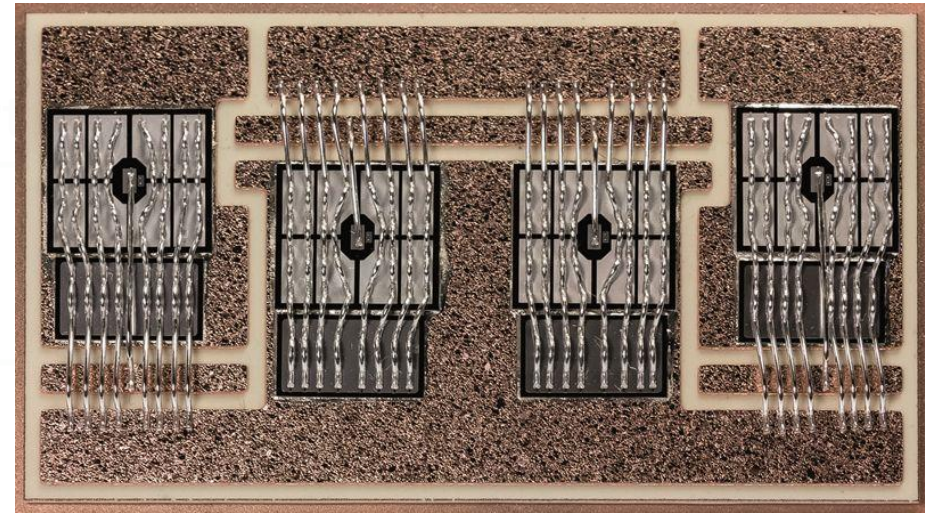
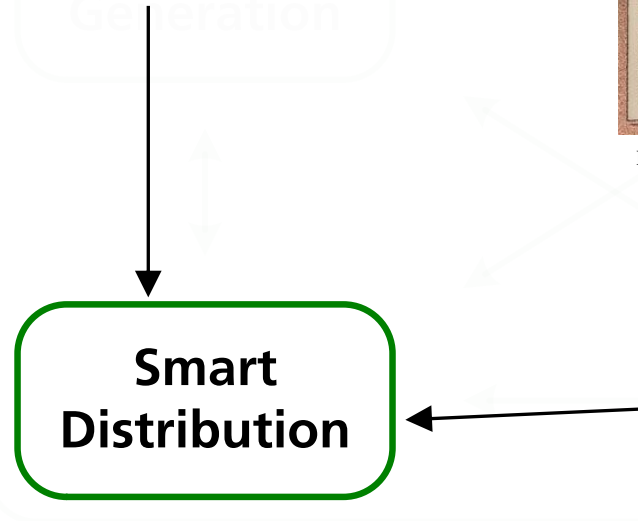
- Battery Management Systems

Smart  
Storage

# Future Key Products

## Flexible AC Transmission Systems (FACTS)

- Super Junction MOSFETs
- High Power Thyristors



Power modul © Fraunhofer IISB

## High Voltage DC (HVDC)

- High Power Switches
- Power Converter/Inverters
- Solid State Circuit Breaker
  - High Voltage Thyristors
  - High Power IGBTs

## Summary of Future Key Products

- Power Converters (AC,DC)
  - Diodes
  - Thyristors / Thyristor-Valves; GTOs
- High Power Switches
  - SJ-MOSFETs
  - IGBTs / HEMTs
- Solid State Circuit Breakers
- Power Management Integrated Circuits (PMIC)
- Battery Management Systems

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Future Key Products
- **Technological Requirements**
- Roadmap
- Research Strategy and Economic Impact

## Power-Electronics

- high Power Density

$$\text{Power Density}^{\uparrow} = \frac{\text{Power Capability}^{\uparrow}}{\text{Volume}_{\downarrow}}$$

- miniaturization/ size reduction
- high power handling capabilities  
(*wide-bandgap semiconductors [SiC, GaN]*)
- increasing power rating performance

## Power-Electronics

- voltages ratings above 10kV
- switching frequencies exceeding 10 kHz
- efficiency (*reduction of inner resistance  $R_{DS,ON}$* )
  - superjunction components
- sophisticated thermal design and reliable packaging



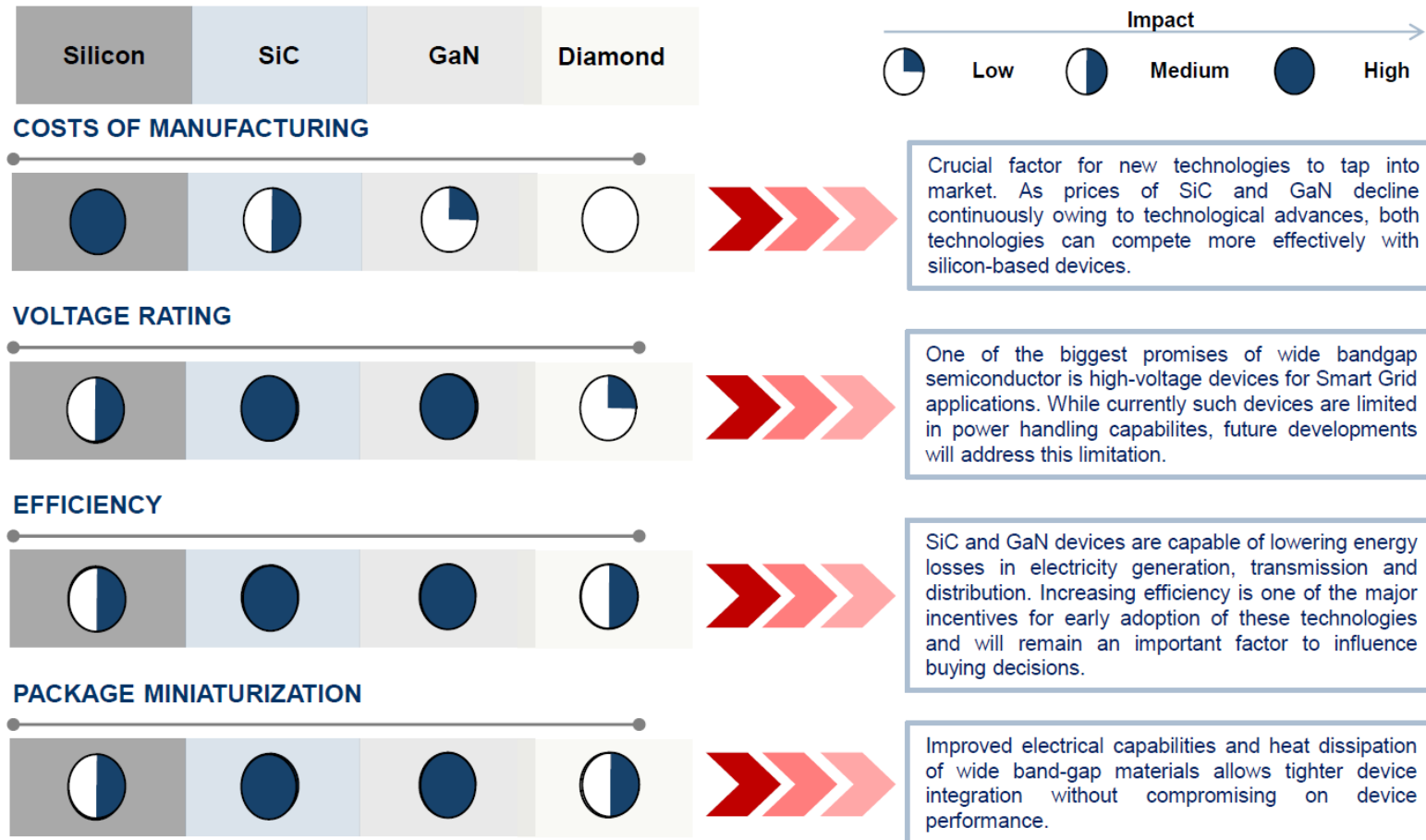
## Micro-Electronics

- high performance with small amount of energy ratio
- smart IC design and packaging (single chip solutions)
- low start-up voltage (several mV), without increasing leakage currents
- high efficiency within dynamic input voltages (energy harvesting)

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Future Key Products
- Technological Requirements
- **Roadmap**
- Research Strategy and Economic Impact

# Roadmap – Technology Overview

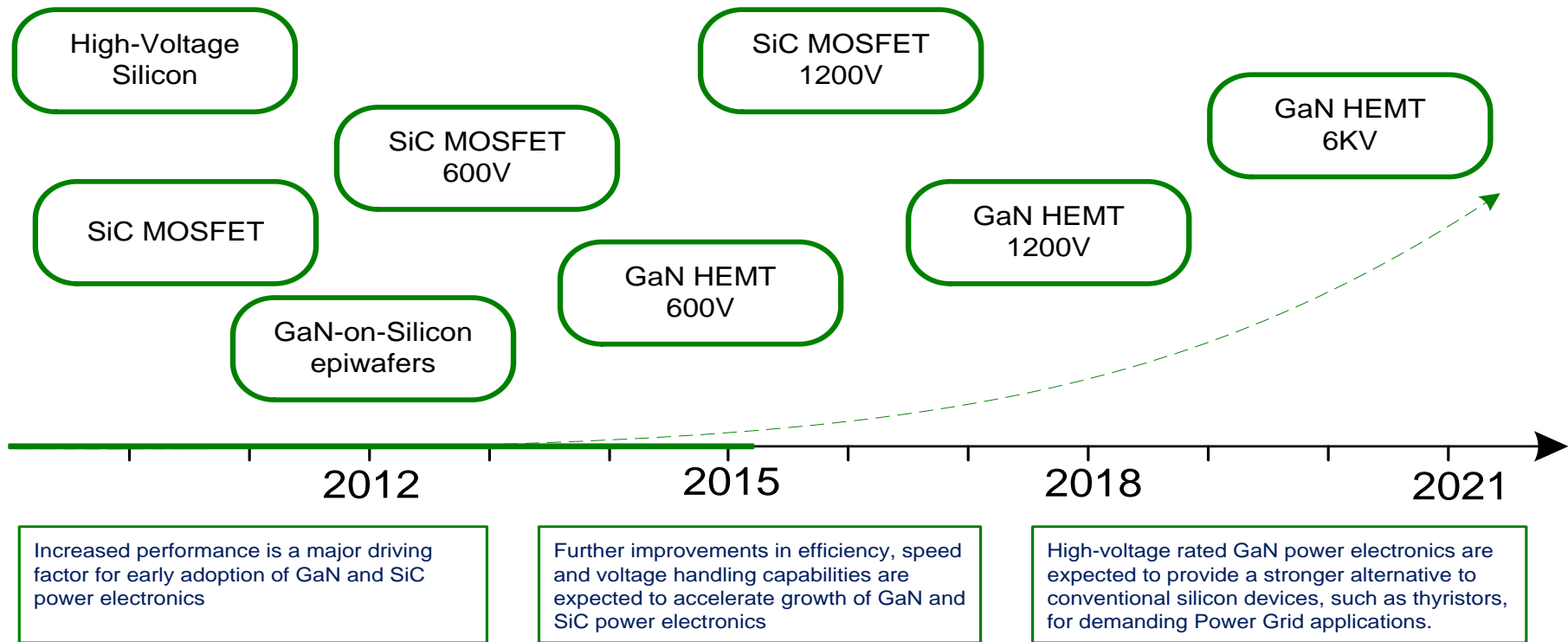


“Advances in Power Electronics Enabling Future Smart Grid: Advanced Power Electronics Driving Next-Generation Power Grid,” Technical Insights D4CE-TI.

- SiC MOSFETs
  - Improving of wafer size and defect control to achieve larger device areas and output currents
  - Reducing of channel resistance for MOSFETs together with improved gate-oxide quality

- GaN HEMTs
  - Improved defect control to achieve larger device areas and output currents
  - optimization to reduce costs to be competitive to Si-based Technology (e.g. GaN-on-Si)
  - Monolithic normally-off transistor concepts in 600V and 1200V
  - improvement of packaging and thermal design

# Roadmap – Power-Electronics - 3



Frost & Sullivan - "Advances in Power Electronics Enabling Future Smart Grid: Advanced Power Electronics Driving Next-Generation Power Grid," Technical Insights D4CE-TI. - 2012

# Roadmap – Micro-Electronics

- decreasing supply voltage
- increasing on-chip clock
- enhancement in performance, size and efficiency
- specialized ICs for energy, power and battery management (BMS, PMIC)

	2015	2017	2019	2021	2023
Power supply voltage [V]	0.83	0.80	0.77	0,74	0.71
On-chip local clock [GHz]	5.95	6.44	6.69	7.53	8.18

“INTERNATIONAL TECHNOLOGY ROADMAP FOR SEMICONDUCTORS: 2013 Edition,” Executive Summary, 2013.

# Agenda

- Introduction
- Future Key Products
- Technological Requirements
- Roadmap
- **Research Strategy and Economic Impact**



# Research Strategy

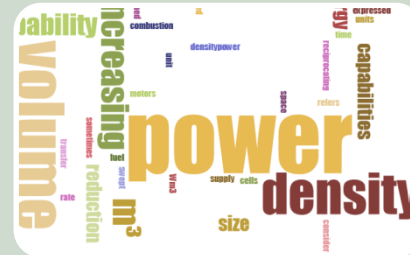


# Research Strategy



reduction of costs

- improvement of production techniques
- new substrates



increasing  
power density

- reduction of size
- increasing power handling capabilities



increasing  
efficiency

- reduction of on-state losses
- Packaging and thermal design

## Economic Impact



# Any Questions?



**Moritz Loske**

**M. Eng.**

Networked Systems and Applications Department  
Fraunhofer Institute for Integrated Circuits IIS

Nordostpark 93 | 90411 Nürnberg, Germany

Phone +49 911 58061-9316 | Fax +49 911 58061-9399

[moritz.loske@iis.fraunhofer.de](mailto:moritz.loske@iis.fraunhofer.de)

# Roadmap – Power-Electronics

- Si-based MOSFETs

- Further reduction of specific on-resistance  $R_{DS,ON}$
- Reducing output capacitance  $C_{oss}$  to improve the efficiency of hard-switching circuits
- Reducing gate charge  $Q_g$  and gate resistance  $R_g$  to enable higher switching frequency operation

# Roadmap – Power-Electronics

- Si-based IGBTs
  - Further reduction of wafer thickness → cost reduction
  - Improvement of the efficiency (Trench superjunction structures)
  - increase working temperature
    - improving and simplifying heat exchangers and cooling systems
    - applications in high temperature environments
  - Improved soldering techniques and reduce back- and top-side thermal resistance