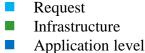
Agenda

- 10.30 Welcome (Joachim Pelka)
- 10.35 Introduction and Motivation (Joachim Pelka)
- 10.45 Urban Processes (Silke Cuno)
- 11.05 **ICT** (Silke Cuno)
- 11.25 Energy (Moritz Loske)
- 11.45 Security (Alain Merle)
- 12.05 **Smart House** (Andreas Wilde)
- 12.25 Mobility (Tobias Erlbacher)
- 12.45 **Production & Logistic** (Guido Dolmans)
- 13.05 Summary & General Q&As (Joachim Pelka / all)
- 13.25 Closing Remarks (Patrick Cogez)
- 13.30 Lunch







Semiconductor Technologies for Smart Cities

A study of the CATRENE Scientific Committee

Summary



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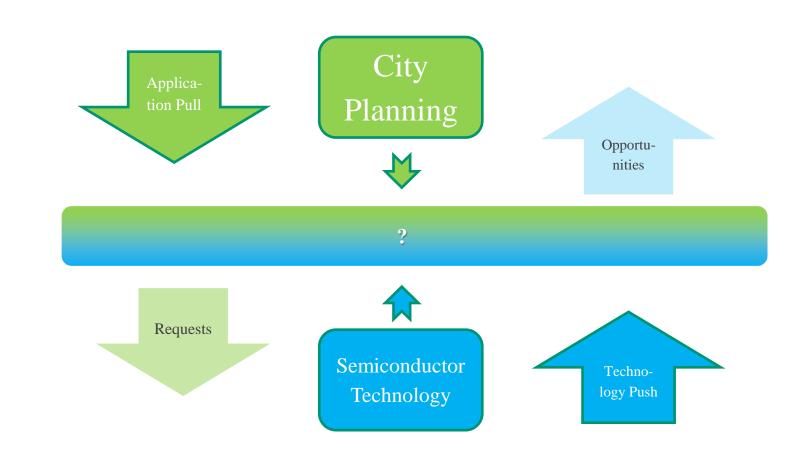
Summary: The Situation

- Application Pull and Technology Push do not yet really match at the <u>Application & System Level</u>
 - City planners today are thinking mainly in concrete, reconstruction, and energy saving (usually on the "building level").
 - All Smart City relevant applications under discussion today request sensors and communication, but normally use what is coming "off the shelves"– no specific requirements up to now
 - First, more specific requests are starting to come from the Urban Processes: Sensors, Sensor Systems, Networks: Low Cost, Low Power, Security
- Today, driving force for microelectronics development for Smart Cities is still technology! But there are a lot of new (application) ideas upcoming.





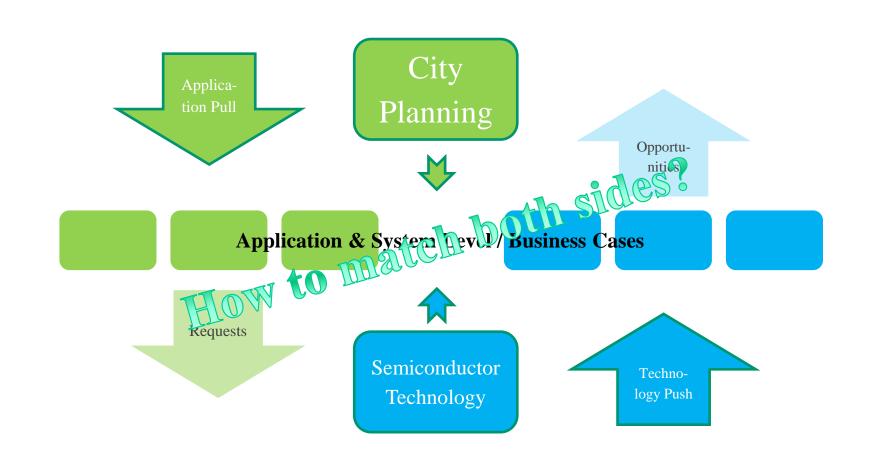
Summary: The Situation







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Application Pull and Technology Push do not yet match at the Application & System Level



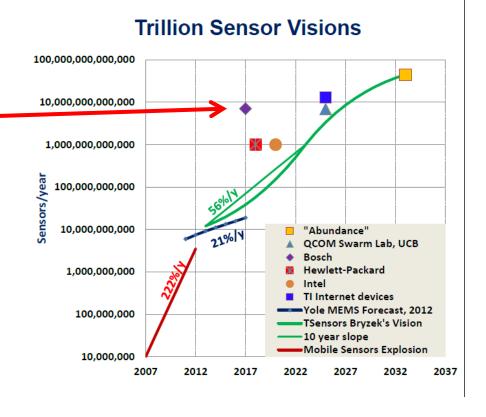
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Summary: Trillion Sensor Vision will show the way

• Having a glance at the IoT:

- The Bosch Sensor Swarm approach expects 7 billion people served by the internet by 2017 @ 1000 linked sensors per person. Other expectations are in the same order of magnitude
- Taking into account the expected number of sensors world wide *power*, *RF* bandwidth and secure communication will become the biggest issues in infrastructures like smart cities



J. Bryzek, Emergence of Trillion Sensor Opportunity, Semicon 2013, San Francisco



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Summary: Trillion Sensor Vision will show the way

- This will require a three-pronged approach for Smart Cities:
 - Smart, energy efficient (autarkic) sensor systems (Cyber-Physical Systems) at low cost (Instant Data)
 - Highly efficient & secure communication infrastructures (networks & processing capabilities for the Cloud / Big Data)
 - Sufficient power supply to run this new infrastructure (Energy Supply & Ultra Low / Zero Power Systems)





Summary

• Sensors / Cyber Physical Systems (Instant Data)

 Basis of a Smart City will be data generation by smart, distributed sensor networks for air quality, traffic, logistics, identification, authentication, ...

Communication (Cloud / Big data)

 Communication will be an additional backbone of Smart Cities. As a new, public infrastructure, the information network will get a similar importance as the power grid or water supply

• Energy (Zero Power to Smart Grid)

- The future figure of merit in semiconductor roadmapping will no longer be scaling but power consumption
- Mobility, production & smart home aspects are closely related to the smart grid issues with respect to energy



